Given an array of **digit** strings nums and a **digit** string target, return *the number of pairs of indices*(i, j)*(where*i != j*) such that the****concatenation****of*nums[i] + nums[j]*equals*target.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = ["777","7","77","77"], target = "7777"

**Output:** 4

**Explanation:** Valid pairs are:

- (0, 1): "777" + "7"

- (1, 0): "7" + "777"

- (2, 3): "77" + "77"

- (3, 2): "77" + "77"

**Example 2:**

**Input:** nums = ["123","4","12","34"], target = "1234"

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** Valid pairs are:

- (0, 1): "123" + "4"

- (2, 3): "12" + "34"

**Example 3:**

**Input:** nums = ["1","1","1"], target = "11"

**Output:** 6

**Explanation:** Valid pairs are:

- (0, 1): "1" + "1"

- (1, 0): "1" + "1"

- (0, 2): "1" + "1"

- (2, 0): "1" + "1"

- (1, 2): "1" + "1"

- (2, 1): "1" + "1"

**Constraints:**

* 2 <= nums.length <= 100
* 1 <= nums[i].length <= 100
* 2 <= target.length <= 100
* nums[i] and target consist of digits.
* nums[i] and target do not have leading zeros.